

Title IX Coordinator Training & Responsibilities

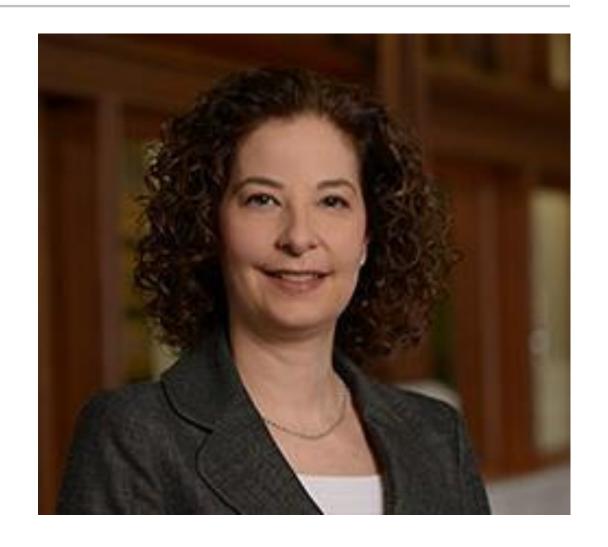
with Laura Anthony and Melissa Bondy



### Our Presenter: Laura G. Anthony

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Laura has been an education attorney for over 22 years, and helps K-12 and higher education institutions comply with their civil rights responsibilities, including those under Title IX. She has experience conducting impartial investigations and assists clients with related policy development and training.



### Laura's Recent Trainings Include:

- New Title IX Regulations: Hot Takes for K12 Webinar (May 2020)
- Civil Rights Compliance Update (Feb 2020, Oct 2019, Aug 2019)
- Title IX/Civil Rights Investigator Training District and ESC inservices (Jan 2020, Nov 2019, Oct 2019, Sept 2019, Aug 2019, March 2019, Dec 2018, Oct 2018, Sept 2018, Aug 2018, June 2018, May 2018, Jan 2018)
- Proposed Title IX Regulations: Hot Takes for K12 Webinar (Dec 2018)

### Our Presenter: Melissa M. Bondy

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Melissa has over 20 years of experience in the education arena, assisting K-12 and higher education institutions, in developing compliance frameworks for their antiharassment and civil rights responsibilities, including Title IX. She has conducted numerous impartial Title IX and Section 504/Disability investigations, and assists clients with related policy development and training.



### Melissa's Recent Trainings Include:

- Title IX/Civil Rights Harassment Training (Aug 2015, Mar 2015, Aug 2016, Nov 2016, Aug 2017, Sept 2017, Oct 2017, Nov 2017)
- ADA/504 Issues and the Intersection with Title IX (Oct 2019)
- Title IX/Civil Rights Investigator Training Higher Education and K12 (Jan 2020, Oct 2019, Oct 2018)
- Title IX Athletics, Transgender Students, and Harassment (Oct 2016)
- Introduction to Title IX Investigations/BASA Workshop (Feb 2016)

#### **Disclaimers**

#### We can't help ourselves. We're lawyers.

- We are not giving you legal advice
- Consult with your legal counsel regarding how best to address a specific situation
- We will send a copy of the slides after this presentation to all who registered their email address when signing in
- We will take questions at the end as time permits

### **Posting These Training Materials?**

- Yes!
- Your Title IX Coordinator is required by 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D) to post materials to train Title IX personnel on its website
- We know this and will make this packet available to your district electronically to post

### **Agenda**

- Expectations of the Title IX Coordinator
  - Between now and school resuming
  - Once students and employees are back
  - When there has been a report or complaint
- Checklist and resources for additional information

## Additional information available at:

Title IX Resource Center at <a href="https://www.bricker.com/titleix">www.bricker.com/titleix</a>

Find us on Twitter at @BrickerEdLaw





# What do Title IX Coordinators need to do before students return?

### **Designate Title IX Coordinator** §106.8(a)

- Designate at least one employee Title IX Coordinator to coordinate compliance
- Inform the following persons of the identity of the Title IX Coordinator:
  - Applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians of elementary and secondary school students, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding CBAs or professional agreements with the recipient (i.e., the District)

## What must notice include? §106.8(a)

- Notice of the TIXC must include, for the employee or employees designated as the Title IX Coordinator:
  - The name or title
  - Office address
  - Electronic mail address
  - Telephone number

## Revise/Adopt TIX Grievance Procedures §106.8(c)

- Implementation Date August 14, 2020
- Engage relevant parties
  - HR, unions, key administrators (e.g., principals, SPED director)
- Identify the TIX Team
  - Investigators, decision-makers, appeal entities, informal resolution facilitators

## Revise/Adopt TIX Grievance Procedures §106.8(c)

- Make grievance procedure "elections":
  - All protected classes anti-discrimination policy vs. separate sex discrimination policy?
  - Standard of evidence election preponderance of the evidence or clear and convincing?
    - Standard must be consistent across CBAs and/or Employee Handbooks that address sexual harassment
  - Incorporating a live hearing?

## Revise/Adopt TIX Grievance Procedures §106.8(c)

- Begin reconciling Code of Conduct and Handbooks with the new procedure
  - How will the District address conflicts arising between the grievance procedure and established staff/student disciplinary frameworks?
  - Does the Code of Conduct require an update?

### **Additional Steps**

- Disseminate the policy, grievance procedure, and contact information for the TIX Coordinator (§106.8(b))
- May want to facilitate and/or schedule training for all District employees
- Will need to facilitate and/or schedule specific and targeted training for the TIX Team Members (§ 106.45(b)(1)(iii))

# Training Requirements – All TIX Team Members

- Definition of sexual harassment
- Scope of District's education program or activity
- How to conduct investigation and grievance process, including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes

# Training Requirements – All TIX Team Members

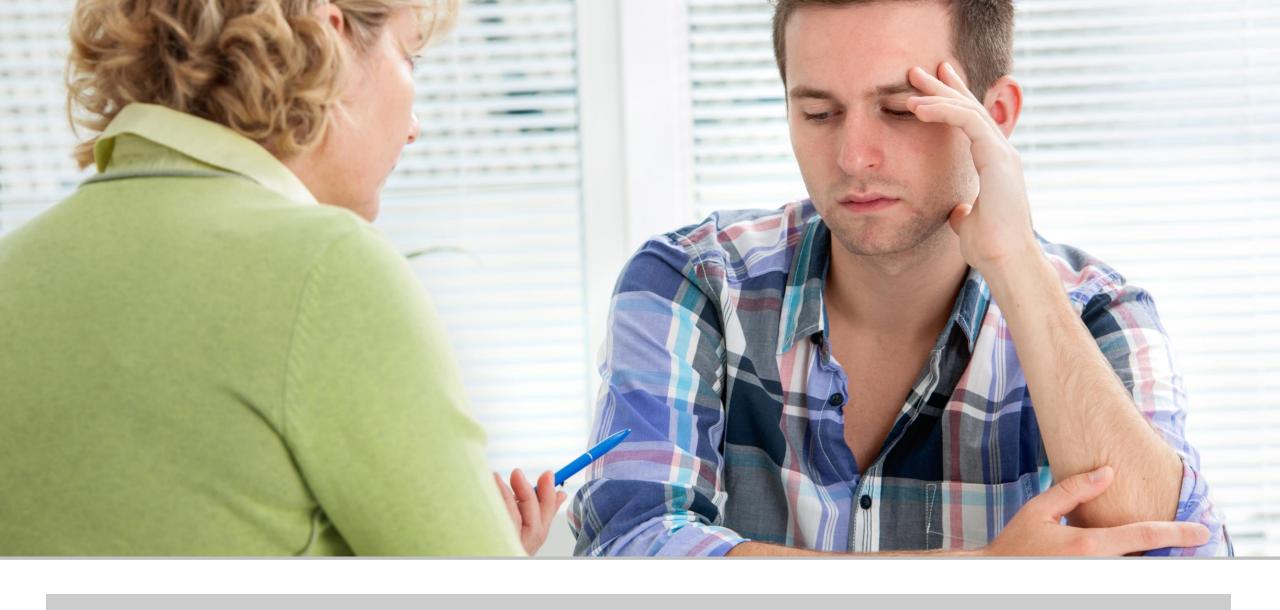
- How to serve impartially
  - Avoiding prejudgment of the facts
  - Conflicts of interest
  - Bias (use reasonable person/"common sense" approach)
  - Not relying on sex stereotypes

# Training Requirements – Decision-Makers

- Technology to be used at a live hearing
- If live hearings provided for as part of the grievance procedure:
  - Issues of relevance of questions and evidence
  - Including applicability of rape shield laws

### **Training Requirements – Investigators**

 Issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence



**Process and Implementation Considerations** 

# "Actual Notice" § 106.30(a)

- TIX Coordinator responsible for receiving reports of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination or harassment
- Also responsible for receiving formal complaints that are signed by complainant
- Actual notice imputed not just when TIX Coordinator is notified, but also when someone with authority to correct the harassment is notified, or when any elementary/secondary school employee has knowledge

## District's Response to Sexual Harassment § 106.44(a) and (b)

- District must respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent
- District must treat complainants and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures
- In response to formal complaint, District must follow a grievance process

## **Specific Required Responses** § 106.44(a)

- The TIX Coordinator has certain specific required responses to sexual harassment
  - Promptly contact complainant to discuss availability of supportive measures
  - Consider complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures
  - Inform complainant of availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint
  - Explain to complainant the process for filing formal complaint

## Voluntary Informal Resolution § 106.45(b)(9)

- TIX Coordinator may need to facilitate scheduling and participation, if elected by complainant
- Informal resolution may occur, provided the district gives written notice to the parties of the allegations, and that they can withdraw at any time and resume formal grievance process
- May not be used to resolve employee-student harassment allegations
- Could include mediation, restorative justice practices

### **Jurisdictional Determinations**

§ 106.45(b)(3)

#### Mandatory Dismissals

- Would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved
  - Quid pro quo, hostile environment, Clery crimes
- Did not occur in the recipient's education program or activity
- Did not occur against a person in the United States

### **Jurisdictional Determinations**

§ 106.45(b)(3)

#### Discretionary Dismissals

- Complainant notifies TIX Coordinator in writing they would like to withdraw the formal complaint
- Respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the recipient
- Specific circumstances prevent the recipient from gathering sufficient evidence

#### **Jurisdictional Determinations**

§ 106.45(b)(3)

- Preamble: Permitting district to dismiss because they deem allegation meritless or frivolous without following grievance procedure would defeat the purpose of the regulations
- Must promptly send written notice of dismissal/reasons simultaneously to the parties
- Jurisdictional issues can arise at any time, even during the investigation

### Hypothetical – Jurisdictional Issues

- Student trip to France
- French teacher and parents chaperone
- Students leave hotel and go to a bar near the Moulin Rouge
- Allegation of forced sexual contact between students
- Respondent transfers to another school after the trip

Which of the following is true?

## Notice of Allegations to Respondent § 106.45(b)(2)

- Must include sufficient details known at the time, and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview
- Sufficient details include:
  - Identities of the parties
  - Conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment
  - Date/location of alleged incident

## Notice of Allegations to Respondent § 106.45(b)(2)

- Needs to be supplemented if new allegations are to be included
- Must include statement that respondent is presumed not responsible for alleged conduct and that determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process
- Must inform the parties that they may have advisor of their choice who may be an attorney and who may inspect and review evidence



### Let's take a break!

## Implement Supportive Measures § 106.30(a)

- TIX Coordinator "is responsible for coordinating effective implementation of supportive measures" to the parties
- Preamble: TIXC "must serve as the point of contact for the affected student to ensure that the supportive measures are effectively implemented so that the burden of navigating paperwork or other administrative requirements" does not fall on the student receiving the supportive measures."

### **Supportive Measures** § 106.30(a)

- Elements: Non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonable available, without fee or charge to the parties
- Availability? Before or after filing formal complaint, or where no formal complaint is filed

#### Purpose:

- Designed to restore or preserve equal access to recipient's program/activity
- Protect safety of all parties or recipient's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment

# **Supportive Measures Defined within Regulation**

- Counseling
- Extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments
- Modifications of work or class schedules
- Campus escort services

- Mutual restrictions on contact between the parties
- Changes in work/housing locations
- Leaves of absence
- Increased security/ monitoring of certain areas on campus

### **Hypothetical – Supportive Measures**

- 12yo student allegedly commits multiple off-campus sexual assaults against classmates over the summer
- Criminal investigation ongoing; court issued protective order requiring student to stay at least 15 feet away from complaining students at all times
- Complainants scared to be around respondent
- Respondent maintains innocence; fears harassment or retaliation

#### **Thoughts on Hypothetical**

- Raises the issue of off-campus conduct and on-campus climate.
- Under R.C. §3313.66, you must have a connection to campus to discipline under your student code of conduct (Extracurricular codes of conduct can generally be broader than this)
- Need to evaluate whether the off-campus misconduct has created hostile environment on campus is affecting access to your program.
- In Ohio, it's common to see the "15 feet" standard in protective orders where both students are in the same school.

### **Supportive Measures – More Requirements and Some Best Practices**

- Must consider the complainant's wishes
- The school should follow up with both parties regarding the efficacy of the supportive measures
- Supportive measures may be appropriate to offer regardless of whether the allegation has been substantiated or fully investigated because it preserves access and deters harassment
- If OCR doesn't discuss supportive measures in non-TIX guidance, should we provide them for non-TIX cases?

## Supportive Measures – Confidentiality & Recordkeeping

- Requirement to maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided §106.30
- Requirement to create and maintain records, for period of seven years, regarding any actions taken in response to report or formal complaint of sexual harassment includes supportive measures §106.45(b)(10)(ii)
- If recipient does not provide complainant with supportive measures, it must document the reasons why this was not clearly unreasonable in light of known circumstances

- District can issue emergency removals, provided that it:
  - Undertakes individualized safety and risk analysis
  - Determines that an immediate threat to physical health or safety of any student/individual arising from the allegations justifies removal
  - Provides respondent with notice and opportunity to challenge decision immediately
- Does not modify IDEA, Section 504, or ADA rights

- When available?
  - During an investigation or when no grievance is pending
  - Not limited to violent offenses
- Safety and risk analysis
  - More than a generalized or speculative belief of threat
  - Based on facts, not assumptions
  - Threat must be immediate and one that justifies removal
  - Conducted by someone impartial may need training

- Notice and opportunity to challenge determination after removal
  - No requirement of written notice, but recommended
  - Notice must describe reasons for finding a threat
  - District has discretion to
    - Determine who conducts hearing
    - Establish hearing procedures
- Timeline for challenge
  - Immediately after removal (without delay / as soon as possible given the circumstances)

- Removal v. Supportive Measure
  - Consider if it the action is disciplinary or punitive
  - Would it cause an unreasonable burden on the respondent?
  - Fact specific analysis
- Consider scope of removal (all or part of program)

#### **Considerations – Emergency Removal**

- Risk can be to anyone
- Alignment with general emergency removal/discipline procedures
- Implications for reassignment to alternative programs
- Considerations for students with disabilities

### Emergency Removal – Employees § 106.44(d)

- Administrative leave for employees remains available
- Nothing in the regulations dictate whether such leave is paid or unpaid

# **Basic Requirements for Formal Grievance Process**§ 106.45(b)(1)

- Treating complainants and respondents equitably
- Remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to District's education program or activity
- Objective evaluation of all relevant evidence and credibility determinations
- Presumption that respondent is not responsible for alleged conduct

# **Basic Requirements for Formal Grievance Process**§ 106.45(b)(1)

- Reasonably prompt timeframes for filing and resolving appeals and informal resolution processes
- Providing a list, or describing a range, of possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies
- Describing standard of evidence to be used to determine responsibility
- Describing procedures and permissible bases for appeal
- Describing range of available supportive measures

### Facilitate Inspection/Review of Evidence § 106.45(b)(5)(vi)

- During investigation, TIX Coordinator (or Investigator)
  may need to facilitate parties' opportunity to inspect and
  review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation
- Parties are to be provided at least 10 days to submit a written response to the evidence before completion of report
- Review process may be managed by TIX Coordinator

### Providing Written Investigative Report § 106.45(b)(5)(vii)

- After completion of investigation, TIX Coordinator (or Investigator) may be responsible for providing the parties a copy of the written investigative report
- Parties are to be sent the report at least 10 days in advance of reaching a determination of responsibility
- Review process and exchange of written questions may also be coordinated by TIX Coordinator

### Submission of Written Questions § 106.45(b)(6)(ii)

However, the decision-maker must afford each party "the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party" and also to explain any decision to "exclude a question as not relevant."

### **Live Hearing** § 106.45(b)(6)(ii)

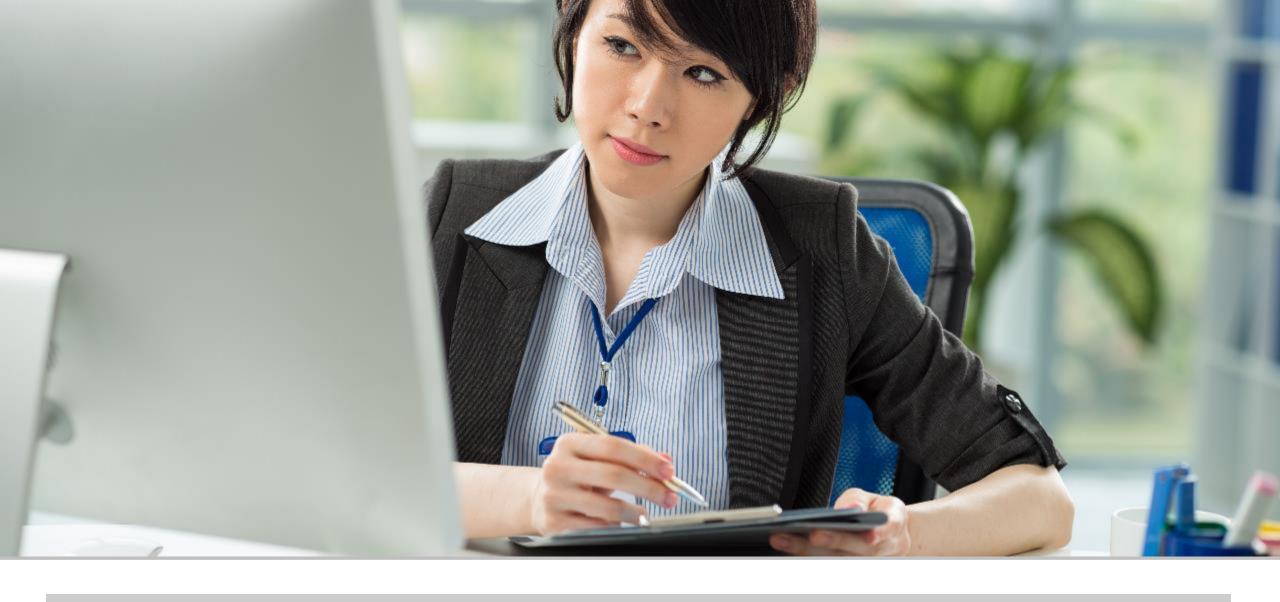
 If provided, TIX Coordinator will need to facilitate scheduling and completion of a live hearing

### **Determination and Remedies** § 106.45(b)(7)(iii), (b)(7)(iv)

- TIX Coordinator (or possibly the decision-maker) will need to disseminate the written determination to the parties simultaneously
- TIX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies
- TIX Coordinator will want to offer both parties an equal opportunity to appeal determination regarding responsibility, or dismissal of formal complaint or any allegations therein

### Offer Opportunity to Appeal § 106.45(b)(8)

- TIX Coordinator will want to offer both parties an equal opportunity to appeal determination regarding responsibility, or dismissal of formal complaint or any allegations therein
  - Procedural irregularity that would affect the outcome
  - New evidence that was not available at the time of the determination that would affect the determination
  - Member of TIX Team had conflict of interest or bias that affected the outcome



### Other Title IX Coordinator Responsibilities

### TIXC May File Formal Complaint § 106.30(a)

- After receiving multiple reports about same respondent
- Must remain free from conflicts of interest and bias, and must serve impartially
- Is not acting as complainant
  - Not participating in the investigation
  - Not submitting questions or cross examining on behalf of the complainant

### **Recordkeeping** § 106.45(b)(10)(i)(A), (B), (D)

- TIX Coordinator will want to develop a process for required recordkeeping, including:
  - Maintaining all investigatory and appeal records for a period of seven years
  - Collecting and publicly posting on its website all materials used to train TIX Team

### Intersection of Employee Issues with Title VII

- USDOE states Title IX and Title VII have "no inherent conflict" (i.e., employees have same rights as students), but...
- Title VII "severe or pervasive" vs. Title IX "severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive"
- Title VII doesn't require 10 days to review evidence and 10 days to respond to report
- And what about student employees?

### Intersection of Employee Issues with Title VII

- USDOE states that complaint and/or disciplinary measures in CBAs or employee handbooks may need to be revisited/renegotiated to comply with Title IX
- Board Policy may also need to be revisited

## Hypothetical – Employee-Student Allegations

- Teacher's suggestive statements make student so uncomfortable she wants to drop the class
- Her parent complains to the superintendent
- Student is insistent that she wants nothing more than to drop the class

Time for another poll question!

## Hypothetical – Employee-Student Allegations

- If TIX issue, informal resolutions not available
- Make sure the student is safe remedy any effects remove teacher, possibly run TIX investigation and parallel conduct investigation (unprofessional behavior, boundary violations)
- Professional misconduct report?

### **Prohibition Against Retaliation** § 106.71

- Retaliation prohibited, including intimidation, threatening, coercion, or discrimination against any individual:
  - For purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX
  - Because an individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing
  - Includes charges for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination/harassment but arise out of the same facts/circumstances



### Questions?

#### **Checklist for the Title IX Coordinator**

- Update policies/handbooks/etc.
- Distribute contact info
- Revise/adopt grievance process
- Identify team & provide training
- Coordinate response to reports and formal complaints
- Establish/facilitate informal resolution process

- Determine process for emergency removals
- Coordinate discipline and special ed procedures
- Address retaliation
- Develop record keeping protocols
- Post training materials

#### **Upcoming Trainings**

Register at: www.bricker.com/events

#### Level 1

General Title IX Training: TBA

#### Level 2

- K-12 TIX Coordinator/administrator training: TBA
- K-12 TIX Investigator training: Aug 18
- K-12 TIX Decision-maker training: Aug 25
- K-12 TIX Report writing for investigators and decision-makers: Aug 28

#### Thank you for attending!

Remember – additional information available at:

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