2022 - 2023, HS, World War II, Quarter 1

| Causes of World War II, Rise of Leadership, and Early War   |  |   |   |
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| Standards   | Target Knowledge   | Suggested Activity  | Suggested Pacing  |
| TN.US.45 Explain the rise and spread of fascism, communism, and totalitarianism internationally.  | Consequences of Treaty of Versailles. Effects of American stock market crash.  | Analyze primary sources on hyperinflation of Germany.  Analyze primary sources on rise of   | 3 weeks  • Teacher led intro:   |
| TN.US.46 Explain President Franklin D.     Roosevelt's response to world crises, including the Quarantine Speech, the Four Freedoms speech, the Atlantic Charter, and the Lend-Lease Act.   | Effects of German hyperinflation,  The rise of:  Adolf Hitler  Benito Mussolini Hideki Tojo Neville Chamberlain Franklin Roosevelt   | Hitler and early political statements.  Analyze Roosevelt's Quarantine Speech, Four Freedoms speech, and Neutrality Acts.   | 4-5 class periods.      Student selection of research topics and research time: 6-7 class |
| <ul> <li>TN.US.49 Identify the roles and the significant actions of the following individuals in World War II:         <ul> <li>Winston Churchill</li> <li>Dwight D. Eisenhower</li> <li>Adolf Hitler</li> <li>Douglas MacArthur</li> <li>George C. Marshall</li> <li>Benito Mussolini</li> <li>Franklin D. Roosevelt</li> <li>Joseph Stalin</li> <li>Hideki Tojo</li> <li>Harry S. Truman</li> </ul> </li> <li>TN.W.45 Describe the role of military alliances, appeasement, isolationism, and the domestic distractions in</li> </ul> | Additional leaders:  Heinrich Himmler Joseph Goebbels Herman Göring Winston Churchill Édouard Daladier Charles de Gaulle Harry S. Truman Dwight D. Eisenhower George S. Patton George C. Marshall Douglas MacArthur Impact of events such as: Anschluss with Austria Sudetenland Munich Conference Invasion of Poland FDR's Quarantine Speech, Four Freedoms speech, and Neutrality Acts World War II begins | Study motivations for and details of Germany's invasion of Poland.  Learn research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.  Work individually (or in pairs) to research one important figure in World War II leadership or one event in the pre-war period.  Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.  Present World War II leader or event to the class. | periods.  • Student presentations: 4-5 class periods.                                     |

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|   | Europe and the US prior to the   |   |   |  |  |
|   | outbreak of World War I.   |   |   |  |  |
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|   |  | <u>The Holocaus</u>   | <u>t</u>  |  |  |
|   | Standards  | Target Knowledge  | Suggested Activity  | Suggested Pacing   |  |
| • | TN.W.49 Describe the persecution of Jews and other targeted groups in Europe leading up to World War II and explain why many people were unable to leave and their efforts to resist persecution.  TN.W.50 Explain the state-sponsored mass murder of the Jews in Nazicontrolled lands and describe the varied experiences of Holocaust survivors and victims.  TN.US.47 Analyze the response of the US to the plight of European Jews before the start of the war, the US liberation of concentration camps during the war, and the immigration of Holocaust survivors after the war. | Target Knowledge  Roots of Anti-Semitism  Early Nazi efforts to reduce rights of Jews including:  Kristallnacht Ghettos  Persecution of non-Jewish groups: People with disabilities Slavic peoples (Russians, Poles) Romani people (i.e., Gypsies) People of African descent Political / religious dissenters Prisoners of war Homosexuals  Concentration Camps including: Dachau Bergen-Belsen Buchenwald Mauthausen  Extermination Camps including: Sobibor, Treblinka Auschwitz-Birkenau  Personal experiences including: Anne Frank Elie Weisel | Analyze what conditions and ideas made the Holocaust possible.  Describe the perpetrators, victims, and bystanders of the Holocaust. Study the Ken Burns clip of Auschwitz.  Analyze primary source documents related to the progression of each stage of the Holocaust.  Practice research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.  Work individually to research a student-selected sub-topic of the Holocaust. Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.  Present Holocaust topic to the class. | 3 weeks  Teacher led intro: 4-5 class periods.  Student selection of research topics and research time: 6-7 class periods.  Student presentations: 4-5 class periods |  |
|   |  | Dietrich Bonhoeffer   |   |  |  |
|   |  | Corrie ten Boom   |   |  |  |
|   | World War II: 1939 - 1943  |   |   |  |  |
|   | Standards  | Target Knowledge  | Suggested Activity  | Suggested Pacing   |  |
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- TN.W.47 Describe the geography and outcomes of major battles and turning points of World War II in both European and Pacific theatres: Battle of Britain, Stalingrad, Normandy, Battle of the Bulge, Midway.
- TN.US.48 Explain the reasons for American entry into World War II, including the attack on Pearl Harbor.
- TN.US.50 Explain the role of geographic and military factors on the outcomes of battles in the Pacific and European theatres of war, including the battles of Midway, Iwo Jima, Okinawa, and D-Day.
- TN.US.51 Identify the roles and sacrifices of individual American soldiers, as well as the unique contributions of special fighting forces such as the Tuskegee Airmen and the 442nd Regimental Combat team, the 101st Airborne, and the Navajo Code Talkers.

# Battles in Europe and North Africa:

- Invasion of Low Countries and France
- Evacuation of Dunkirk
- Battle of Britain
- Invasion of Sicily and Italy
- Battle of Stalingrad

### Battles in the Pacific:

- Pearl Harbor attack and American response
- Bataan Death march
- Doolittle Raid
- Coral Sea
- Midway
- Guadalcanal

## Strategies and contributions:

- Blitzkrieg
- Kamikaze
- Strategic bombing campaigns
- Europe First
- Island Hopping
- Nazi Enigma machine
- Navajo Code Talkers
- Dorie Miller, Audie Murphy, Ernie Pyle
- Tuskegee Airmen
- 442nd Regimental Combat team

Technologies of war including radar, advanced medicine, airplanes.

Analyze speeches of Winston Churchill during Blitz such.

Analysis the Fall of France.

Analyze the Pearl Harbor attack and Franklin Roosevelt's December 8, 1941, address.

Analyze primary sources such as Tuskegee Airmen Red Tail, Daniel Inouye with 442<sup>nd</sup>, or Code Talkers.

Practice research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.

Work individually to research a student-selected sub-topic of World War II 1939-1943. Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.

Present World War II 1939-1943 topic to the class.

#### 3 weeks

- Teacher led intro:
   4-5 class periods.
- Student selection of research topics and research time: 6-7 class periods.
- Student presentations: 4-5 class periods.

2022 - 2023, HS, World War II, Quarter 2

| Homefront Efforts in the U.S. and Around the World   |  |   |   |  |
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| Standards  | Target Knowledge   | Suggested Activity  | Suggested Pacing  |  |
| <ul> <li>TN.US.52 Examine and explain the entry of large numbers of women into the workforce and armed forces during World War II and the subsequent impact on American society.</li> <li>TN.US.53 Examine the impact of World War II on economic and social conditions for African Americans, including the Fair Employment Practices Committee and the eventual integration of the armed forces by President Harry S. Truman.</li> <li>TN.US.54 Describe the constitutional issues and impact of internment of Japanese Americans on the US, including the Fred Korematsu v. USA decision.</li> <li>TN.US.55 Describe the war's impact on the home front including rationing, bond drives, propaganda, movement to cities, Bracero program, conversion of factories to wartime production, location of prisoner of war camps.</li> </ul> | Arsenal of Democracy.  Mobilization of American factories for war production.  Women's impact such:  Rosie the Riveter  WASPS (Women Airforce Service Pilots) (Cornelia Fort)  African Americans' impact:  Executive Order 8802  Double V Campaign  Dorie Miller  Impact on American civilians:  Rationing, bond drives, propaganda Bracero Program  Zoot Suit Riots Internment camps  Korematsu v. United States  Development of the Atomic Bomb:  Oak Ridge, TN development  Los Alamos, NM test site  Tennessee's role in WWII:  Camp Forrest  Camp Tyson | Analyze American propaganda posters encouraging behaviors such as military recruitment, rationing, and war jobs.  Examine World War II Homefront primary sources.  Use World War II era yearbooks from American high schools to determine the war's impact on students.  Practice research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.  Work individually to research a student-selected sub-topic of World War II's impact on the Homefront. Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.  Present Homefront topic to the class. | 3 weeks  • Teacher led intro: 4-5 class periods.  • Student selection of research topics and research time: 6-7 class periods.  • Student presentations: 4-5 class periods. |  |
| <u>World War II:</u> 1944 - 1945   |  |   |   |  |
| Standards  | Target Knowledge   | Suggested Activity  | Suggested Pacing  |  |

| • | TN.US.50 Explain the role of           |
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|   | geographic and military factors on the |
|   | outcomes of battles in the Pacific and |
|   | European theatres of war, including    |
|   | the battles of Midway, Iwo Jima,       |
|   | Okinawa, and D-Day.                    |

- TN.US 57 Explain the major outcomes of the Yalta and Potsdam Conferences.
- TN.US.56 Describe the Manhattan Project and explain the rationale for using the atomic bomb to end the war.

## Battles in Europe:

- D-Day invasion
- Battle of the Bulge
- Rhineland campaign
- Fall of Berlin

## Battles in the Pacific:

- Mariana / Palau campaigns
- Iwo Jima
- Okinawa

## Strategies and groups:

- Ghost Army
- Development of the German atomic bomb
- Development of the American atomic bomb
- Decision to use atomic bombs
- 761st Tank Battalion
- 452nd Anti-Aircraft Artillery Battalion
- 101st Airborne

Allied liberation of Concentration Camps.

#### World War II Conferences:

- Yalta
- Potsdam

Nuremburg Trials.

Analyze primary records from D-Day such as plans, photographs, newsreel, and firsthand experience.

Analyze the Battle of the Bulge.

Analyze the Battle of Iwo Jima.

Evaluate primary sources on the atomic bomb.

Practice research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.

Work individually to research a student-selected sub-topic of World War II 1944-45. Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.

Present World War II 1944-45 topic to the class.

## 3 weeks

- Teacher led intro: 4-5 class periods.
- Student selection of research topics and research time: 6-7 class periods.
- Student presentations: 4-5 class periods.

# **Target Knowledge Standards**

TN.W.53 Describe the cultural, economic, geographic and political effects of World War II including:

- Casualties of the war (military and civilian)
- Changes to geopolitical boundaries
- Creation of the United Nations

#### **End of World War II and Results Suggested Pacing Suggested Activity** Civilian and military casualties of Analyze the legacy of the Holocaust. World War II. 3 weeks

Analyze the Nuremburg Trials. The horrific torture of many American POWs by the Japanese. Analyze the occupation and division Social impact of World War II. of Germany and Berlin. Allied Occupation Zones and Division of Germany.

 Teacher led intro: 4-5 class periods.

| • | Destruction of cultural heritage Division of Germany Impact of Nuremberg trials Refugees and displaced populations | Creation of State of Israel.  Creation of United Nations and its related bodies:  International Court of Justice International Monetary Fund                            | Evaluate the costs of World War II.  Analyze the creation of the United Nations and its related bodies.  | Student selection<br>of research topics<br>and research<br>time: 6-7 class<br>periods. |
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|   |  | <ul> <li>UNICEF</li> <li>World Health Organization<br/>(WHO)</li> <li>Role of Cordell Hull in post-war<br/>negotiations and formation of<br/>United Nations.</li> </ul> | Practice research norms, selection of quality sources, citation expectations, and authoring a research question.  Work individually to research a student-selected sub-topic of the End of World War II / Results.  Demonstrate proper research source selection and methodology.  Present End of World War II / Results topic to the class. | • Student presentations: 4-5 class periods.  |